

p. 39, Eq. (2.113)

$$\begin{aligned}
 i(t) &= \frac{E_0}{R} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{(\omega RC)^2}} [\tan(\varphi) \cos(\omega t) + \sin(\omega t)] = \\
 &= \frac{E_0}{R} \cos(\varphi) \left[\frac{\cos(\omega t) \sin(\varphi)}{\cos(\varphi)} + \sin(\omega t) \right] = \frac{E_0}{R} [\cos(\omega t) \sin(\varphi) + \sin(\omega t) \cos(\varphi)]
 \end{aligned} \tag{2.113}$$

p. 40, Eq. (2.118)

$$\begin{aligned}
 i(t) &= \frac{E_0}{R} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{(\omega RC)^2}} [\cos(\omega t) - \tan(\varphi) \sin(\omega t)] = \\
 &= \frac{E_0}{R} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{(\omega RC)^2}} \left[\frac{\cos(\omega t) \cos(\varphi) - \sin(\varphi) \sin(\omega t)}{\cos(\varphi)} \right]
 \end{aligned} \tag{2.118}$$

p. 46, Eq. (2.135)-(2.136)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{Z}(j\omega) &= R_0 + \frac{R_1}{1 + j\omega R_1 C_1} = R_0 + \frac{R_1(1 - j\omega R_1 C_1)}{1 + (\omega R_1 C_1)^2} = \\
 &= R_0 + \frac{R_1}{1 + (\omega R_1 C_1)^2} - j \frac{\omega R_1^2 C_1}{1 + (\omega R_1 C_1)^2}
 \end{aligned} \tag{2.135}$$

$$\operatorname{Re}[\hat{Z}(j\omega)] = R_0 + \frac{R_1}{1 + (\omega R_1 C_1)^2} \tag{2.136}$$

$$\operatorname{Im}[\hat{Z}(j\omega)] = -\frac{\omega R_1^2 C_1}{1 + (\omega R_1 C_1)^2}$$

p. 50, Eq. (2.140)

$$|Z| = \sqrt{R^2 + \frac{1}{(\omega C)^2}} \tag{2.140}$$

$$\varphi = \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{Z''}{Z'}\right) = \operatorname{atan}\left(-\frac{1}{\omega RC}\right) = -\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{1}{\omega RC}\right)$$

p. 92, Eq. (4.39).

$$C_O(0) = 1 - \frac{i}{i_{\text{lim}}} \quad \text{and} \quad C_R(0) = \frac{i}{i_{\text{lim}}} \quad (4.39)$$

p. 92, Eq. (4.41)

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{Z}_W &= \hat{Z}_{W,O} + \hat{Z}_{W,R} = \frac{RT}{n^2 F^2 \sqrt{j\omega}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{D_O} C_O(0)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{D_R} C_R(0)} \right) \\ &= \frac{\sigma'}{\sqrt{j\omega}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{j}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{\omega}} = \sigma(1-j) \end{aligned} \quad (4.41)$$

p. 105, Eq. (4.76)

$$\lim_{\omega \rightarrow 0} (\hat{Z}_t) = R_s + R_{ct} + \frac{\sigma' l}{\sqrt{D_O}} \quad (4.76)$$

p. 113, Eq. (4.106)

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{Z}_W &= \frac{RT}{n^2 F^2 \sqrt{D_R} C_R(0)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{j\omega} \coth\left(\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}} r_0\right) - \frac{\sqrt{D_R}}{r_0}} = \\ &= \frac{\sigma'}{\sqrt{j\omega}} \frac{1}{\coth\left(\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}} r_0\right) - \frac{\sqrt{D_R}}{r_0 \sqrt{j\omega}}} = \\ &= \frac{\sigma' r_0}{\sqrt{D_R}} \frac{1}{\left(\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}} r_0\right) \coth\left(\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}} r_0\right) - 1} \end{aligned} \quad (4.106)$$

p. 141, Eq. (5.71)



p. 142, Eq. (5.80)

$$\tilde{i} = -F \left[\left(\frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \eta} \right)_{\theta_B, \theta_C} \tilde{\eta} + \left(\frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \theta_B} \right)_{\eta, \theta_C} \tilde{\theta}_B + \left(\frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \theta_C} \right)_{\eta, \theta_B} \tilde{\theta}_C \right] \quad (5.80)$$

p. 150, Eq. (6.19), (6.20), (6.21) (errors in signs)

$$\begin{aligned} -\left(\frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \eta} \right) &= \frac{1}{F} \frac{\tilde{i}}{\tilde{\eta}} + \left(\frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \theta_B} \right) \frac{\tilde{\theta}_B}{\tilde{\eta}} + \left(\frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_A} \right) \frac{\tilde{C}_A(0)}{\tilde{\eta}} + \left(\frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_C} \right) \frac{\tilde{C}_C(0)}{\tilde{\eta}} \\ 0 &= -\frac{1}{2F} \frac{\tilde{i}}{\tilde{\eta}} + \sqrt{j\omega D_A} \frac{\tilde{C}_A(0)}{\tilde{\eta}} \\ 0 &= \frac{1}{2F} \frac{\tilde{i}}{\tilde{\eta}} + \sqrt{j\omega D_C} \frac{\tilde{C}_C(0)}{\tilde{\eta}} \\ -\left(\frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial \eta} \right) &= -\Gamma_\infty j\omega \frac{\tilde{\theta}_B}{\tilde{\eta}} + \left(\frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial \theta_B} \right) \frac{\tilde{\theta}_B}{\tilde{\eta}} + \left(\frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial C_A} \right) \frac{\tilde{C}_A(0)}{\tilde{\eta}} + \left(\frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial C_C} \right) \frac{\tilde{C}_C(0)}{\tilde{\eta}} \end{aligned} \quad (6.19)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \eta} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -\frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial \eta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{F} & \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \theta_B} & \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_A} & \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_C} \\ -\frac{1}{2F} & 0 & \sqrt{j\omega D_A} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2F} & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{j\omega D_C} \\ 0 & \frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial \theta_B} - \Gamma_\infty j\omega & \frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial C_A} & \frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial C_C} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\tilde{i}}{\tilde{\eta}} \\ \frac{\tilde{\theta}_B}{\tilde{\eta}} \\ \frac{\tilde{C}_C(0)}{\tilde{\eta}} \\ \frac{\tilde{C}_A(0)}{\tilde{\eta}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (6.20)$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{F} & \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \theta_B} & \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_A} & \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_C} \\ -\frac{1}{2F} & 0 & \sqrt{j\omega D_A} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2F} & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{j\omega D_C} \\ 0 & \frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial \theta_B} - \Gamma_\infty j\omega & \frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial C_A} & \frac{\partial \eta_1}{\partial C_C} \end{bmatrix} \quad (6.21)$$

p. 153, Eq. (6.22), (6.23), (6.24)

$$T = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \theta_B} & \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_A} & \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_C} \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{j\omega D_A} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{j\omega D_C} \\ \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial \theta_B} - \Gamma_\infty j\omega & \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial C_A} & \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial C_C} \end{vmatrix} \quad (6.22)$$

$$T = \sqrt{D_A D_C} \left[\Gamma_\infty \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \eta} (j\omega)^2 + \left(-\frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \theta} \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial \eta} \right) (j\omega) \right] \quad (6.23)$$

$$= a_4 (j\omega)^2 + a_2 (j\omega)$$

$$A = -\frac{1}{2F} \left[\begin{aligned} & 2\sqrt{D_A D_C} \Gamma_\infty (j\omega)^2 \\ & + \Gamma_\infty \left(\sqrt{D_C} \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_A} - \sqrt{D_A} \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_C} \right) (j\omega)^{3/2} \\ & - 2\sqrt{D_A D_C} \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial \theta} (j\omega) \\ & + \left(-\sqrt{D_C} \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_A} \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial \theta} + \sqrt{D_A} \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial C_C} \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial \theta} \right) \\ & + \left(\sqrt{D_C} \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \theta} \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial C_A} - \sqrt{D_A} \frac{\partial r_0}{\partial \theta} \frac{\partial r_1}{\partial C_C} \right) (j\omega)^{1/2} \end{aligned} \right] \quad (6.24)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2F} \left[b_4 (j\omega)^2 + b_3 (j\omega)^{3/2} + b_2 (j\omega) + b_1 (j\omega)^{1/2} \right]$$

p. 152, Eq. (6.27)

$$\hat{Z}_f = \frac{1}{2F} \frac{b_4}{a_4} + \frac{1}{2F} \frac{b_4}{a_4} \left[\frac{\frac{b_3}{b_4} (j\omega) + \left(\frac{b_2}{b_4} - \frac{a_2}{a_4} \right) (j\omega)^{1/2} + \frac{b_1}{b_4}}{(j\omega)^{3/2} + \frac{a_2}{a_4} (j\omega)^{1/2}} \right]$$

$$= R_{ct} + \frac{1}{2F} \left[\frac{\frac{b_3}{a_4} (j\omega) + \left(\frac{b_2}{a_4} - \frac{a_2 b_4}{a_4^2} \right) (j\omega)^{1/2} + \frac{b_1}{a_4}}{(j\omega)^{1/2} \left[(j\omega) + \frac{a_2}{a_4} \right]} \right], \quad (6.27)$$

$$= R_{ct} + \frac{1}{2F} \left[\frac{\frac{b_3}{a_2} (j\omega) + \left(\frac{b_2}{a_2} - \frac{b_4}{a_4} \right) (j\omega)^{1/2} + \frac{b_1}{a_2}}{(j\omega)^{1/2} \left[(j\omega) \frac{a_4}{a_2} + 1 \right]} \right]$$

p. 152, Eq. (6.28)

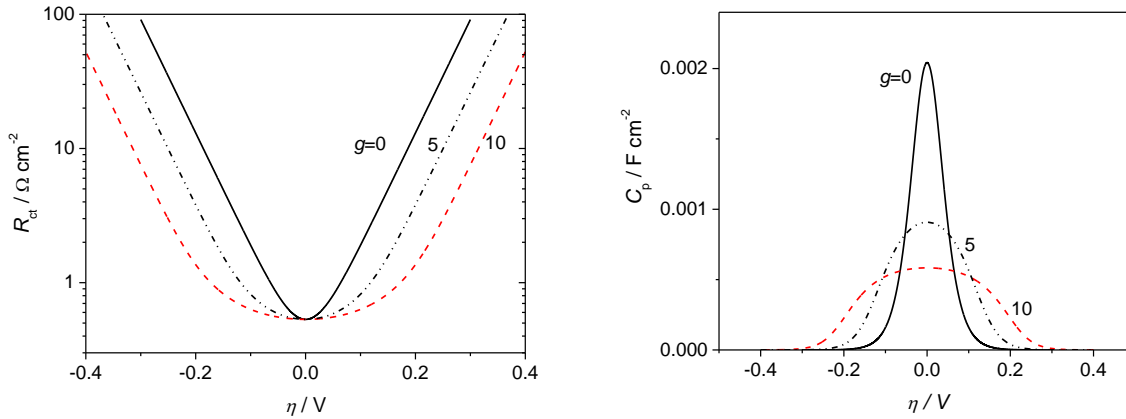
$$\begin{aligned}\hat{Z}_f &= R_{ct} + \frac{1}{j\omega C_p + \frac{1}{R_p}} + Z_W = R_{ct} + \frac{1}{j\omega C_p + \frac{1}{R_p}} + \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{j\omega}} \\ &= R_{ct} + \frac{(j\omega)R_p C_p \sigma + R_p (j\omega)^{1/2} + \sigma}{(j\omega)^{1/2} [(j\omega)R_p C_p + 1]}\end{aligned}\quad (6.28)$$

p. 153, Eq. (6.29)

$$\begin{aligned}R_{ct} &= \frac{1}{2F} \frac{b_4}{a_4}; \quad R_p = \frac{1}{2F} \left(\frac{b_2}{a_2} - \frac{b_4}{a_4} \right); \quad C_p = 2F \frac{b_3}{b_1} \frac{1}{\left(\frac{b_2}{a_2} - \frac{b_4}{a_4} \right)}; \\ \sigma &= \frac{1}{2F} \frac{b_1}{a_2}; \quad b_1 = \frac{a_2 b_3}{a_4}\end{aligned}\quad (6.29)$$

p. 157, Fig. 7.1, there is: “continuous line Langmuir isotherm, $g = 1$ ”
should be: “continuous line Langmuir isotherm, $g = 0$ ”

Corrected figure:



p. 160, Eqs. (7.19)-(7.20)

$$\begin{aligned}k_3 &= k_3^0 \Gamma_\infty^2 \\ k_{-3} &= k_{-3}^0 \Gamma_\infty^2 a_{H_2}^*\end{aligned}\quad (7.21)$$

p. 161, Eq. (7.23)

$$v_2 = v_2^0 \left[\begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{\theta_H}{\theta_H^*} \right) \left(\frac{a_{H_2O}}{a_{H_2O}^*} \right) \exp(-\beta_2 f \eta) \\ - \left(\frac{1-\theta_H}{1-\theta_H^*} \right) \left(\frac{a_{H_2}}{a_{H_2}^*} \right) \left(\frac{a_{OH^-}}{a_{OH^-}^*} \right) \exp[(1-\beta_2) f \eta] \end{array} \right] \quad (7.23)$$

p. 161, Eq. (7.27)

$$v_3^0 = \frac{k_3^0 k_{-3}^0 \Gamma_\infty^2 a_{H_2}^*}{\left(\sqrt{k_3^0} + \sqrt{k_{-3}^0 a_{H_2}^*} \right)^2} = \frac{k_3 k_{-3}}{\left(\sqrt{k_3} + \sqrt{k_{-3}} \right)^2} \quad (7.27)$$

p. 161, Eq. (7.30)

$$\frac{k_1 k_2}{k_{-1} k_{-2}} = \frac{k_1^2 k_3}{k_{-1}^2 k_{-3}} = \frac{k_{-2}^2 k_3}{k_2^2 k_{-3}} = 1 \quad (7.30)$$

p. 193, Eq. (8.28)

$$\hat{C} = \frac{1}{j\omega(\hat{Z}_{tot} - R_s)} = C_{dl} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{C_{ad}} + \sigma_{ad} \sqrt{j\omega} + R_{ad}} \quad (8.28)$$

p. 205, l. 8

$$\hat{Z}_s = 1/(j\omega C_{dl} 2\pi r l)$$

p. 207,

Fig. 9.3, legend.

For **corrected version** of the chapter see: A. Lasia, Impedance of porous electrodes in the presence of electroactive species, J. Electroanal. Chem., 923 (2023) 117280, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jelechem.2023.117280>.

p. 235, Eq. (9.70)

$$\hat{Y}_{f,tot} = (2\pi r l) \int_0^1 \hat{Y} dz \quad (9.70)$$

p. 236, Eq. (9.71)

$$\hat{Y}_{f,\text{tot}} = (2\pi rl)u \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{P}{1+P} \right) \left(1 - \frac{B}{K} \right) + \left[\frac{\alpha - (1-\alpha)P}{1+P} \right] \left(1 - \frac{B}{K} \right) \frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{\sqrt{B}} \\ & + \left(\frac{P}{1+P} \right) \frac{B}{K} \frac{\tanh \sqrt{K}}{\sqrt{K}} \\ & + \left[\frac{\alpha - (1-\alpha)P}{1+P} \right] \frac{\left(\frac{B}{K} \right) \sqrt{K} \tanh(\sqrt{K}) - \sqrt{B} \tanh(\sqrt{B})}{K - B} \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (9.71)$$

It can be also represented in an alternative simpler form as:

$$\hat{Y}_{f,\text{tot}} = (2\pi rl)u \left[\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{P}{1+P} \right) \left(1 - \frac{B}{K} \right) + \left(\alpha - \frac{P}{1+P} \right) \left(1 - \frac{B}{K-B} \right) \frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{\sqrt{B}} \\ & + \left[\left(\frac{P}{1+P} \right) \frac{B}{K} + \left(\alpha - \frac{P}{1+P} \right) \frac{B}{K-B} \right] \frac{\tanh \sqrt{K}}{\sqrt{K}} \end{aligned} \right] \quad (9.71)$$

p. 236, Eq. (9.72) surface area is missing:

$$\hat{Y}_{f,\text{tot}}(\omega \rightarrow 0) = \frac{1}{R_p} = (2\pi rl)u \left[\begin{aligned} & \frac{P}{1+P} \frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{\sqrt{B}} \\ & + \left(\frac{\alpha - (1-\alpha)P}{1+P} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{2\sqrt{B}} - \frac{1}{2} \tanh^2 \sqrt{B} \right) \end{aligned} \right] \quad (9.72)$$

which might be simplified into:

$$\hat{Y}_{f,\text{tot}}(\omega \rightarrow 0) = (2\pi rl) \frac{u}{2} \left[\left(\alpha - \frac{P}{1+P} \right) \frac{1}{\cosh^2(\sqrt{B})} + \left(\alpha + \frac{P}{1+P} \right) \frac{\tanh(\sqrt{B})}{\sqrt{B}} \right]$$

p. 236, Eq. 9.73)

$$\hat{Y}_{f,\text{tot}}(\omega \rightarrow \infty) = \frac{1}{R_t} = (2\pi rl)u \left[\frac{P}{1+P} + \left(\frac{\alpha - (1-\alpha)P}{1+P} \right) \frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{\sqrt{B}} \right] \quad (9.73)$$

p. 236, Eq. (9.74)

$$\hat{Y}_{f,\text{tot}}(\omega \rightarrow \infty) - \hat{Y}_{f,\text{tot}}(\omega \rightarrow 0) = (2\pi rl)u \left[\begin{aligned} &\frac{P}{1+P} \left(1 - \frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{\sqrt{B}} \right) + \left(\frac{\alpha - (1-\alpha)P}{1+P} \right) \frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{\sqrt{B}} \\ &+ \left(\frac{\alpha - (1-\alpha)P}{1+P} \right) \left(-\frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{2\sqrt{B}} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \tanh^2 \sqrt{B} \right) \end{aligned} \right] \quad (9.74)$$

p. 237, Eq. (9.76)

$$\hat{Y}_{f,\text{tot}} = (2\pi rl)u \left[\frac{P}{1+P} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1-P}{1+p} \right) \right] = 0.5(2\pi rl)u$$

p. 237, Eq. (9.77)

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{Y}_{t,\text{tot}}(\omega \rightarrow \infty) &= \frac{(2\pi rl)u\alpha}{\sqrt{B}} \\ \hat{Y}_{t,\text{tot}}(\omega \rightarrow 0) &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{(2\pi rl)u\alpha}{\sqrt{B}} \end{aligned} \quad (9.77)$$

p. 240, Eq. (9.87)

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{Y}_{f,\text{tot}} &= u_2 \left(1 - \frac{B}{K} \right) + u_3 \left(1 - \frac{B}{K} \right) \frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{\sqrt{B}} + u_2 \frac{B}{K} \frac{\tanh \sqrt{K}}{\sqrt{K}} \\ &+ u_3 \frac{\left(\frac{B}{K} \right) \sqrt{K} \tanh(\sqrt{K}) - \sqrt{B} \tanh(\sqrt{B})}{K - B} \end{aligned} \quad (9.87)$$

or in a simpler form:

$$Y_{f,\text{tot}} = 2\pi rl \left[\begin{aligned} &u_2 \left(1 - \frac{B}{K} \right) + u_3 \left(1 - \frac{B}{K-B} \right) \frac{\tanh \sqrt{B}}{\sqrt{B}} \\ &+ \left(u_2 \frac{B}{K} + u_3 \frac{B}{K-B} \right) \frac{\tanh \sqrt{K}}{\sqrt{K}} \end{aligned} \right]$$

p. 338

There is:



Should be:

